# THE BOOK AND I

A book is a collection of written, drawn or printed sheets of paper, parchment or other material, bound on one side and wrapped in binding. A book is also a label for a literary work. Lately a name e-book has been given to literary works, kept (some only in this form) in electronic media and accessible through a computer. In librarianship, a book is called a monograph, to draw a distinction between a book and a newspaper, a magazine or other publications.

As a whole, all written works, including books are called literature. Books are one of the main channels for spreading knowledge and ideas among people. The most common ways of accessing books are bookshops (purchase) and libraries (borrowing); also, the oldest as well as the most precious books are kept in museums. A lover of books is called a bibliophile, and a person who reads a lot a bookworm. The first book in the world was cut into stone by God.

A comic is a form of a story in pictures, arranged in a certain order. The text is written in speech bubbles. Officially, the first comic is "The Yellow Boy", published in 1895 in an American newspaper.

A fairytale has developed especially well in India and in the Middle East. Indian, Persian and Arabic fairytales are very well known. Many of them came to Europe. They are many times bound into a frame, as is the most famous collection of fairytales, tales and short stories of Persian-Arabic origin with a title "A thousand and one nights". Fairytale themes can be traced in Greek and Roman mythology as well.

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# 1 FROM THE FIRST WRITING TO THE BOOK

# 1.1 FIRST WRITINGS



The oldest writings were found in stone.



Writings on clay tablets were also found.







Goose feathers were used for writing much later.







For a more interesting written record, the initials were decorated.





Such a book was far more interesting than the one, written on a typewriter.

# 1.2 THE DEVELOPMENT OF WRITING



At the beginning people used cuneiform.



A feather enabled a softer writing shape.







With print development new kinds of writings emerged.



Today the choice of different writing fonts is unlimited.

#### 1.3 SPECIAL WRITINGS





Composers use a special writing for music transcription – notes.







To many musicians notes for music transcription meant everything.



Some people have sight problems the blind and the visually impaired.





Louis Braille created a writing for the blind and the visually impaired.

**60 let** Filatelistične zveze Slovenije

**60 Years** Slovenian Philatelic Association











**DELO**tiskarna

Nº 301536

# 2. WHAT HAS GUTENBERG BROUGHT

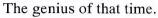
# 2.1 GUTENBERG'S DISCOVERY





Gutenberg invented a printing press machine.







He was the first to use movable type printing.



His invention is one of the greatest of all times.



A new profession was born – a typesetter.



Gutenberg made it possible that the books were accessible to more people.

#### 2.2 THE ORIGIN OF NUMEROUS PRINTING HOUSES



Printing takes a lot of preparation.





The Mohorjeva družba publishing company had its own printing house at the beginning.



Slovenia's publishing centre is in Ljubljana.



Modern printing machines can be really huge.



Printers have their own expert magazine.



Book printers are organized in a union.

# 2.2 THE ORIGIN OF NUMEROUS PRINTING HOUSES

New printshops in the age of Renaissance were a revolution.



The oldest printshop in our country belongs to Mohorjeva družba.





Some printshops are not so well-known.



But the others are very well-known.



Printshops print not only boks but also special documents, like passports.

# 2.3 PRINTING ALL OVER THE WORLD



An old printing machine.



Today the offset print technique is the commonest.



Various print types are used for book printing.



The first printed books were mostly the Bibles.



The Macedonians have their first printer too.

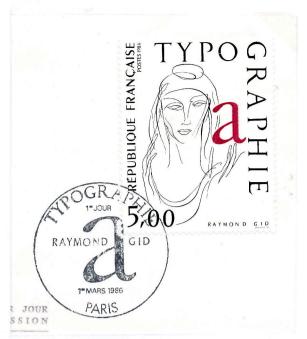


One of the publishing houses and printing houses in the homeland of printing.

# 2.3 PRINTING ALL OVER THE WORLD



Germany is known as a cradle of printing



Typography is important for book's appearance because it determines the type of letters.



Words, sentences and books are made of letters.



We can get books by post.

# 2.4 WE (THE SLOVENES) GET OUR FIRST BOOK AS WELL



The Slovenes get our first book Katekizem and Abecedarium (The the catechism and spelling-book).

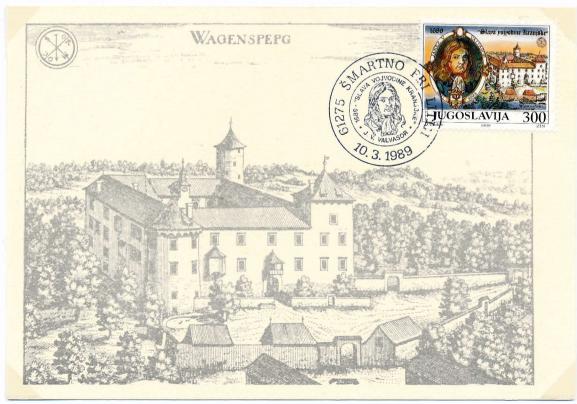


Written by Primož Trubar.



Jurij Dalmatin's translation of The Bible was among the first Slovene books as well.





The book Slava Vojvodine Kranjske was a polihistorical work written by Janez Vajkard Valvasor.

# 2.5 BOOKS ARE PRINTED ON PAPER







Wood is needed to make paper.



Paper is being made in factories which are called paper mills.





Paper mill.



Postal stationary

Printed books are stored in libraries.

# 3 WHO WRITES BOOKS, I WONDER ...

# 3.1 POETS WRITE POEMS





France Prešeren, the most famous Slovene poet - the author of the remarkable poetry collection Poezije



His poem Zdravljica (The Slovene national anthem) was printed in many copies and editions.



Female poets.



Srečko Kosovel and his poem Otrok s sončnico (A child with a sunflower).



The majority of poets started writing poetry in their childhood.







Every nation has its own poetic giants.

# 3.2 WRITERS WRITE STORIES





Every writer's wish is to publish his or her own stories in a book.







Many have succeeded and became famous.



Ivan Cankar is mostly known among younger readers due to his great short story Skodelica kave (A cup of coffee).









Some writers write more 'serious' literature and some write a lighter one.

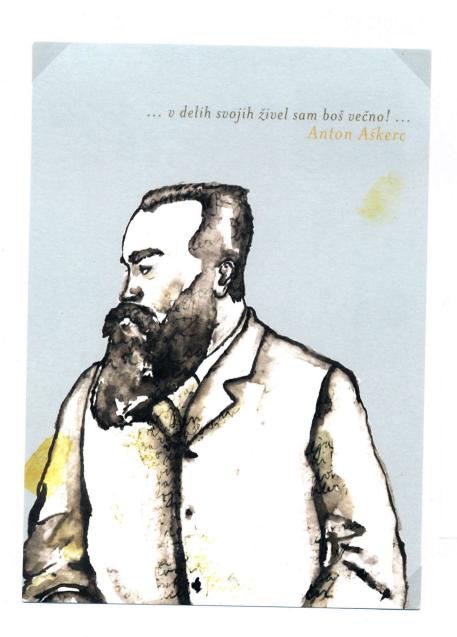
# 3.2 WRITERS WRITE STORIES



Tone Seliškar was writing for children.



Dragotin Kette is a famous slovene author.





Edvard Kocbek was a Slovene witer, poet and a polititian.



Anton Aškerc was born near our town, in Rimske Toplice.

# 3.3 THERE ARE AUTHORS EVERYWHERE





Every nation can pride oneself with good writers.



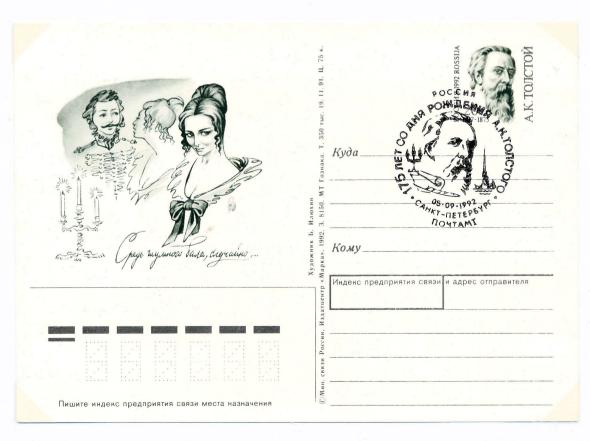
Goethe wrote for more demanding readers.



Can you name one who has not heard of Cervantes' Don Quixote?



The best of the best are awarded a Nobel Prize for Literature.



Tolstoj was one of the giants of Russian literature.

# 3.3 THERE ARE AUTHORS EVERYWHERE



Each country is proud on its writer who wins a Nobel Prize.



Also each town is proud in case an important author was born there.



A german author, famous in the 1<sup>st</sup> World War.



Shakespeare is a synonym of literary art in England.



In his time, Shakespeare's theatre Globe in London was famous.



Our neighbours Italians are proud on their writers.

#### 3.4 THE AUTHORS OF EXPERT BOOKS







The authors of expert books are important for spreading different expert knowledge.



Some authors specialize in theology and philosophy.



Some authors are experts in law.



Some publishing houses are spezialized for publishing expert bodes.



Specialists in botany published numerous expert books.



Various dictionaries are also considered expert books.

#### **4 VARIOUS LITERARY TYPES**

# 4.1 STORIES FOR THE YOUNGEST – FAIRYTALES





Picture books with beautiful illustrations have also found their spot in books.



The Lion King enraptured many

2,80

2,80

ANALL DESTRUCTION OF THE DISNEY STORE

THE DISNEY STORE

CHAMPS-CLYSES

NOVEMBRE

PARIS

young readers a couple of years ago.



Characters from Disney cartoons are appropriate for the youngest.



Young readers can choose from different Disney stories nowadays.



The fairytale world attracts the youngest.



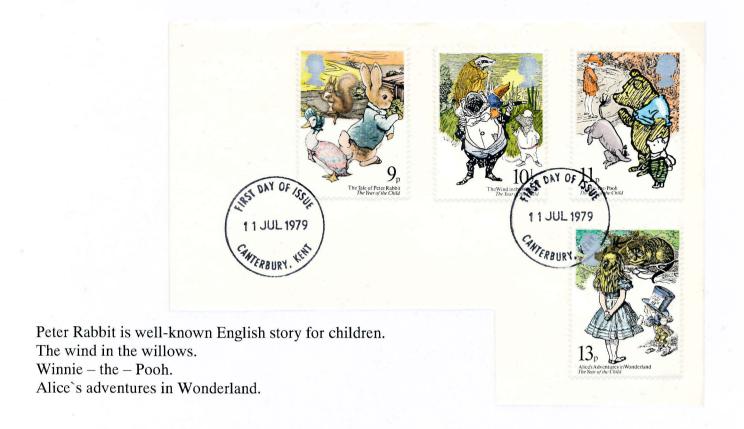
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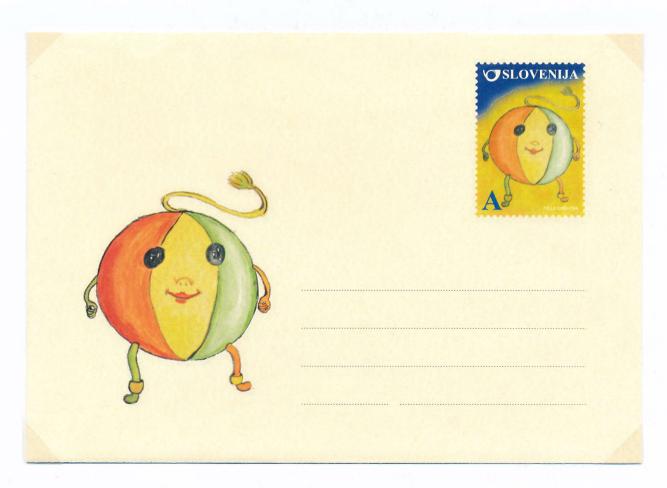




Children love famous Andersen fairytales.

# 4.1 STORIES FOR THE YOUNGEST - FAIRYTALES



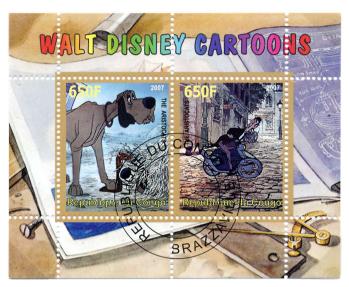


Žogica Nogica is the first Slovene children's story.

# 4.1 STORIES FOR THE YOUNGEST – FAIRYTALES

In fairytales for the youngest different animal characters appear most of the time.





Puppies are very much liked. Pluton is one of the most renowned.







The majority of animals which appear in fairytales are child friendly.

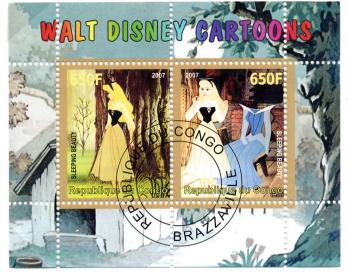




Animals do not only appear in fairytales, but are also typical for fables. The most well-known author of fables is Jean de la Fontaine.

# **4.2 CHILDREN STORIES**

Walt Disney is really special in the USA.



Children love Sleeping beauty.



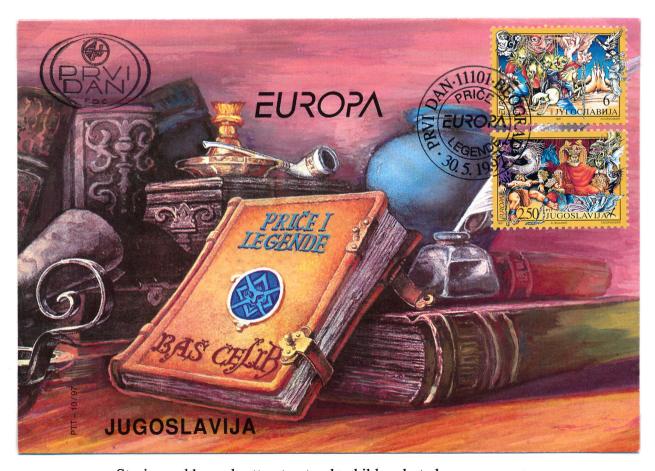
Beauty and the beast.



Alice in Wonderland.



Peter Pan.



Stories and legends attract not only children but also grown ups.

# **4.2 CHILDREN STORIES**





Astrid Lindgren wrote a book about Pippi Longstocking.



The trolls are common characters in Scandinavian fairytales.



The characters from Slovene folk tales.





Zvezdica zaspanka (Twinkle Sleepyhead) was the youngest star in the sky Žogica nogica was the bravest ball.



A tale Matin Krpan speaks about a hero of immense strength.

# 5 VARIOUS LITERARY TEXT TYPES FOR THE BIGGER ONES

# 5.1 FOR THOSE WHO DO NOT READ A LOT – COMICS

For a reader to be able to read a story quickly, a new literary type was created - a comic. Different characters and very popular among the young, appear in comics.





The younger ones are in favour of comics with Disney characters.





The older ones prefer modern heroes like Spiderman and X-men.



A story about the three little pigs and a wolf is well-known.

# 5.1 FOR THOSE WHO DO NOT READ A LOT - COMICS





Some are crazy about Donald Duck.

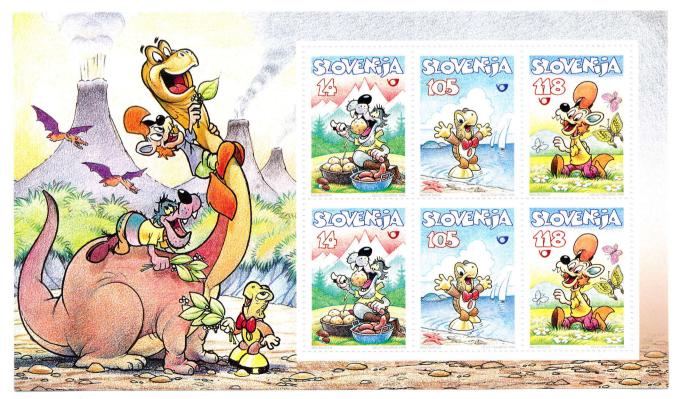




Some are crazy about Pluto, but everybody loves Mickey Mouse.



Božo Kos is the author of comics in which the main heroes named Kavboj Pipec and Rdeča Pesa take us all the way to the Wild West in their stories.



Miki muster chose a wolf, a turtle and a fox for main characters in his stories.

# 5.2 NON-LITERARY TEXT TYPES



Stamp album is philatelist's favourite book.



Different dictionaries are of great help to us.



Many publications are published for the needs of tourist organizations.





This spa also offers its own publications every year.

#### 5.2 NON-LITERARY TEXT TYPES



The constitution is an important book for every citizen.



There are lots of expert books available nowadays.



For better understanding of a language one has to know its rules.







A book is still the basis of education. New media (audio and video technique) joined the books on this mission.



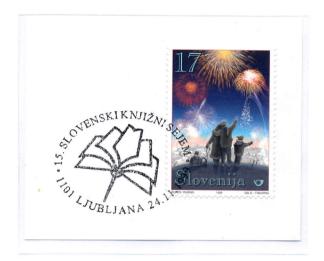
The majority still prefer a savings book to any other.

# 6 FROM THE PUBLISHER TO THE USER

#### **6.1 BOOK PUBLISHERS**



Publishing houses are engaged in book publishing.



The world of books is presented on book fairs.



Our oldest still active publishing house.



Some publishing houses are specialized in publishing predominately expert editions.





One of our biggest publishing houses is Mladinska knjiga.

# 6.2 BOOK USERS





A book conjures up many happy moments.





Good books guide us through the whole life.







Some have to use books for their profession and some read books for pure pleasure and delight.





We read lots of good books during our school education.

#### 6.2 BOOK USERS



Among writers we also find critics – Belgian Georges Simeon.



UN gives books a great meaning.

Publishers present their books on fairs.



There are laws written in books.

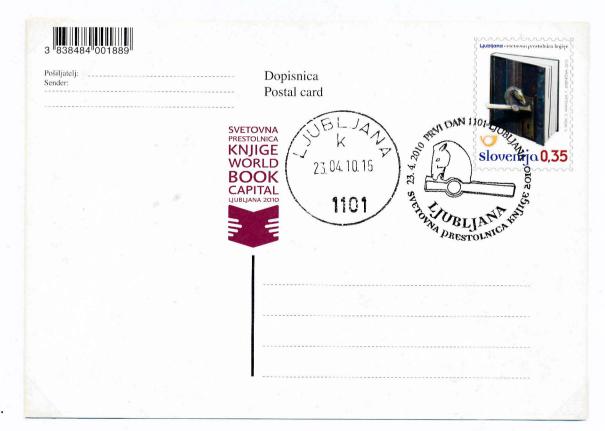


2º FESTIVAL DU LIVRE POUR LA JEUNESSE

Dictionaries are important books, especially when translating.



When they want the newspapers from the whole year to be archived, they tie it in a book.



World book capital Ljubljana 2010 – a great honour for Ljubljana.

#### 6.3 WHERE THE BOOKS DWELVE





Libraries are institutions in which different kinds of books are stored. Some libraries are several hundred years old.

A library in a monastery.





There are libraries in younger towns in Slovenia as well.



#### 6.3 WHERE BOOKS DWELL



A lot of choldren's books are found. in the school libraries.





Professional literature has its home mostly in University libraries.



We also find books in monasteries, they store old and very rare books

In Technical Library we find a lot of technical books.



UNIVERZA V MARIBORU PEDAGOŠKA FAKULTETA MARIBOR p.p. 129 2001 MARIBOR



Faculty, educating teachers must have a rich library.





Special days for the book are Anniversary of the book and International year of the book.



Slovenian Academy of Sciences and Arts stores very precious and valuable books.







When I was a small child my parents read to me, later on I liked reading different fairytales best.







I love bears, that is why I read about them anything I come across.



History is also very interesting, because it tells us how people used to live in the old days.





I also like to read books about music and its authors.